

HOUSE BILL 1021

718.111(12)(7) – OFFICIAL RECORDS CONDOMINIUM E-MAIL ADDRESSES

The e-mail addresses and facsimile numbers are only accessible to unit owners if consent to receive notice by electronic transmission is provided, or if the unit owner has expressly indicated that such personal information can be shared with other unit owners and the unit owner has not provided the association with a request to opt out of such dissemination with other unit owners. An association must ensure that the e-mail addresses and facsimile numbers are only used for the business operation of the association and may not be sold or shared with outside third parties. If such personal information is included in documents that are released to third parties, other than unit owners, the association must redact such personal information before the document is disseminated However, the association is not liable for an inadvertent disclosure of the e-mail address or facsimile number for receiving electronic transmission of notices unless such disclosure was made with a knowing or intentional disregard of the protected nature of such information.

718.111(12) ACCOUNTING RECORDS /OFFICIAL RECORDS

The accounting records must include, but are not limited to:

b. All invoices, transaction receipts, or deposit slips that substantiate any receipt or expenditure of funds by the association.

- 18. A copy of all building permits.
- 19. A copy of all satisfactorily completed board member educational certificates.

The official records must be maintained in an organized manner that facilitates inspection of the records by a unit owner. In the event that the official records are lost, destroyed, or otherwise unavailable, the obligation to maintain the official records includes a good faith obligation to obtain and recover those records as is reasonably possible.

If the requested records are posted on an association's website, or are available for download through an application on a mobile device, the association may fulfill its obligations under this paragraph by directing to the website or the application all persons authorized to request access.





b. In response to a written request to inspect records, the association must simultaneously provide to the requestor a checklist of all records made available for inspection and copying. The checklist must also identify any of the association's official records that were not made available to the requestor. An association must maintain a checklist provided under this sub-subparagraph for 7 years. An association delivering a checklist pursuant to this sub-subparagraph creates a rebuttable presumption that the association has complied with this paragraph.

2. A director or member of the board or association or a community association manager who knowingly, willfully, and repeatedly violates subparagraph 1 commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, and must be removed from office and a vacancy declared. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "repeatedly" means two or more violations within a 12-month period.

Any person who knowingly or intentionally defaces or destroys accounting records that are required by this chapter to be maintained during the period for which such records are required to be maintained, or who knowingly or intentionally fails to create or maintain accounting records that are required to be created or maintained, with the intent of causing harm to the association or one or more of its members, commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, is personally subject to a civil penalty pursuant to s. 718.501(1)(d), and must be removed from office and a vacancy declared.

4. A person who willfully and knowingly refuses to release or otherwise produce association records with the intent to avoid or escape detection, arrest, trial, or punishment for the commission of a crime, or to assist another person with such avoidance or escape, commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, and must be removed from office and a vacancy declared.

718.111(13): YEAR-END FINANCIAL REPORTS

Unit Owners can vote to prepare a lesser detailed financial report but an association may not prepare a financial report pursuant to this paragraph for consecutive fiscal years.

718.111(15): DEBIT CARDS

<u>A person who uses</u> a debit card issued in the name of the association, or billed directly to the association, for any expense that is not a lawful obligation of the association <u>commits theft under</u> s. 812.014 and must be removed from office and a vacancy declared. For the purposes of this



paragraph, the term "lawful obligation of the association" means an obligation that has been properly preapproved by the board and is reflected in the meeting minutes or the written budget.

718.111(Q)(12)(G): ASSOCIATION WEBSITES

718.111 The association.— (12) OFFICIAL RECORDS.— (g) (1) An association managing a condominium with <u>25 150</u>-or more units which does not contain timeshare units shall post digital copies of the documents specified in subparagraph 2. on its website or make such documents available through an application that can be downloaded on a mobile device.

718.112(2)- CONDOMINIUM BOARD MEETINGS

(c) Board of administration meetings.—In a residential condominium association of more than 10 units, the board of administration shall meet at least once each quarter. At least four times each year, the meeting agenda must include an opportunity for members to ask questions of the board.

The right to attend such meetings includes the right to speak at such meetings with reference to all designated agenda items and the right to ask questions relating to reports on the status of construction or repair projects, the status of revenues and expenditures during the current fiscal year, and other issues affecting the condominium.

Notice of any meeting in which regular or special assessments against unit owners are to be considered must specifically state that assessments will be considered and provide the estimated cost and description of the purposes for such assessments.

718.112(2)(c)(3) SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS

Notice of any meeting in which regular or special assessments against unit owners are to be considered must specifically state that assessments will be considered and provide the estimated cost and description of the purposes for such assessments. If an agenda item relates to the approval of a contract for goods or services, a copy of the contract must be provided with the notice and be made available for inspection and copying upon a written request from a unit owner or made available on the association's website or through an application that can be downloaded on a mobile device.



718.112(2)(q) - DIRECTOR OR OFFICER OFFENSES

- 1. A director or an officer charged by information or indictment with any of the following crimes must be removed from office:
- a. Forgery, as provided in s. 831.01, of a ballot envelope or voting certificate used in a condominium association election.
- b. Theft, as provided in s. 812.014, or embezzlement involving the association's funds or property.
- c. Destruction of, or the refusal to allow inspection or copying of, an official record of a condominium association which is accessible to unit owners within the time periods required by general law, in furtherance of any crime. Such act constitutes tampering with physical evidence as provided in s. 918.13.
- d. Obstruction of justice under chapter 843.
- e. Any criminal violation under this chapter.
- 2. The board shall fill the vacancy in accordance with paragraph (2)(d) until the end of the period of the suspension or the end of the director's term of office, whichever occurs first. While such director or officer has such criminal charge pending, he or she may not be appointed or elected to a position as a director or officer of any association and may not have access to the official records of any association, except pursuant to a court order. However, if the charges are resolved without a finding of guilt, the director or officer shall be reinstated for the remainder of his or her term of office, if any.

(R) FRAUDULENT VOTING ACTIVITIES RELATING TO ASSOCIATION ELECTIONS; PENALTIES.

- 1. A person who engages in the following acts of fraudulent voting activity relating to association elections commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083:
- a. Willfully and falsely swearing to or affirming an oath or affirmation, or willfully procuring another person to falsely swear to or affirm an oath or affirmation, in connection with or arising out of voting activities.
- b. Perpetrating or attempting to perpetrate, or aiding in the perpetration of, fraud in connection with a vote cast, to be cast, or attempted to be cast.



- c. Preventing a member from voting or preventing a member from voting as he or she intended by fraudulently changing or attempting to change a ballot, ballot envelope, vote, or voting certificate of the member.
- d. Menacing, threatening, or using bribery or any other corruption to attempt, directly or indirectly, to influence, deceive, or deter a member when the member is voting.
- e. Giving or promising, directly or indirectly, anything of value to another member with the intent to buy the vote of that member or another member or to corruptly influence that member or another member in casting his or her vote. This subparagraph does not apply to any food served which is to be consumed at an election rally or a meeting or to any item of nominal value which is used as an election advertisement, including a campaign message designed to be worn by a member.
- f. Using or threatening to use, directly or indirectly, force, violence, or intimidation or any tactic of coercion or intimidation to induce or compel a member to vote or refrain from voting in an election or on a particular ballot measure.
- 2. Each of the following acts constitutes a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083:
- a. Knowingly aiding, abetting, or advising a person in the commission of a fraudulent voting activity related to association elections.
- b. Agreeing, conspiring, combining, or confederating with at least one other person to commit a fraudulent voting activity related to association elections.
- c. Having knowledge of a fraudulent voting activity related to association elections and giving any aid to the offender with intent that the offender avoid or escape detection, arrest, trial, or punishment. This sub-subparagraph does not apply to a licensed attorney giving legal advice to a client.

718.112(2)(d)4b - CONDOMINIUM DIRECTOR EDUCATION

A director of a board of an association of a residential condominium, shall:

- (I) Certify in writing to the secretary of the association that he or she has read the association's declaration of condominium, articles of incorporation, bylaws, and current written policies; that he or she will work to uphold such documents and policies to the best of his or her ability; and that he or she will faithfully discharge his or her fiduciary responsibility to the association's members.
- (II) Submit to the secretary of the association a certificate of having satisfactorily completed the educational curriculum administered by the division or a division-



approved condominium education provider. The educational curriculum must be at least 4 hours long and include instruction on milestone inspections, structural integrity reserve studies, elections, recordkeeping, financial literacy and transparency, levying of fines, and notice and meeting requirements within 1 year before or 90 days after the date of election or appointment. Each newly elected or appointed director must submit to the secretary of the association the written certification and educational certificate within 1 year before being elected or appointed or 90 days after the date of election or appointment. A director of an association of a residential condominium who was elected or appointed before July 1, 2024, must comply with the written certification and educational certificate requirements in this sub-subparagraph by June 30, 2025. The written certification and or educational certificate is valid for 7 years after the date of issuance and does not have to be resubmitted as long as the director serves on the board without interruption during the 7-year period. A director who is appointed by the developer may satisfy the educational certificate requirement in sub-sub-subparagraph (II) for any subsequent appointment to a board by a developer within 7 years after the date of issuance of the most recent educational certificate, including any interruption of service on a board or appointment to a board in another association within that 7year period. One year after submission of the most recent written certification and educational certificate, and annually thereafter, a director of an association of a residential condominium must submit to the secretary of the association a certificate of having satisfactorily completed at least 1 hour of continuing education administered by the division, or a division-approved condominium education provider, relating to any recent changes to this chapter and the related administrative rules during the past year. A director of an association of a residential condominium who fails to timely file the written certification and or educational certificate is suspended from service on the board until he or she complies with this sub-subparagraph. The board may temporarily fill the vacancy during the period of suspension. The secretary shall cause the association to retain a director's written certification and or educational certificate for inspection by the members for 7 years after a director's election or the duration of the director's uninterrupted tenure, whichever is longer. Failure to have such written certification and or educational certificate on file does not affect the validity of any board action.

718.112(2)(f)(a) CONDOMINIUM RESERVE FUNDS

If the local building official, as defined in s. 468.603, determines that the entire condominium building is uninhabitable due to a natural emergency, as defined in s. 252.34, the board, upon the approval of a majority of its members, may pause the contribution to its reserves or reduce reserve



funding until the local building official determines that the condominium building is habitable. Any reserve account funds held by the association may be expended, pursuant to the board's determination, to make the condominium building and its structures habitable. Upon the determination by the local building official that the condominium building is habitable, the association must immediately resume contributing funds to its reserves.

718.112(2)(g)(9) STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY RESERVE STUDIES

Within 45 days after receiving the structural integrity reserve study, the association must distribute a copy of the study to each unit owner or deliver to each unit owner a notice that the completed study is available for inspection and copying upon a written request. Distribution of a copy of the study or notice must be made by United States mail or personal delivery to the mailing address, property address, or any other address of the owner provided to fulfill the association's notice requirements under this chapter, or by electronic transmission to the e-mail address or facsimile number provided to fulfill the association's notice requirements to unit owners who previously consented to receive notice by electronic transmission. Within 45 days after receiving the structural integrity reserve study, the association must provide the division with a statement indicating that the study was completed and that the association provided or made available such study to each unit owner in accordance with this section. The statement must be provided to the division in the manner established by the division using the division's website

718.112(11) (h) CONDOMINIUM CRIME INSURANCE

The association shall maintain insurance or fidelity bonding of all persons who control or disburse funds of the association. The insurance policy or fidelity bond must cover the maximum funds that will be in the custody of the association or its management agent at any one time. <u>Upon receipt of a complaint</u>, the division shall monitor an association for compliance with this paragraph and may issue fines and penalties established by the division for failure of an association to maintain the required insurance policy or fidelity bond.

718.113 MAINTENANCE; LIMITATION UPON IMPROVEMENT; DISPLAY OF FLAG; HURRICANE SHUTTERS AND PROTECTION; DISPLAY OF RELIGIOUS DECORATIONS.

(5) To protect the health, safety, and welfare of the people of the state and to ensure uniformity and consistency in the hurricane protections installed by condominium associations and unit



owners, this subsection applies to all residential and mixed-use condominiums in the state, regardless of when the condominium is created pursuant to the declaration of condominium. Each board of administration of a residential condominium or mixed-use condominium must shall-adopt hurricane protection shutter specifications for each building within each condominium operated by the association which may shall-include color, style, and other factors deemed relevant by the board. All specifications adopted by the board must comply with the applicable building code. The installation, maintenance, repair, replacement, and operation of hurricane protection in accordance with this subsection is not considered a material alteration or substantial addition to the common elements or association property within the meaning of this section.

718.115 <u>COMMON EXPENSES AND COMMON SURPLUS.</u>

- (1) (e)1. Except as provided in s. 718.113(5)(d), The expense of installation, replacement, operation, repair, and maintenance of hurricane shutters, impact glass, code compliant windows or doors, or other types of code compliant hurricane protection by the board pursuant to s. 718.113(5) constitutes a common expense and shall be collected as provided in this section if the association is responsible for the maintenance, repair, and replacement of the hurricane shutters, impact glass, code compliant windows or doors, or other types of code compliant hurricane protection pursuant to the declaration of condominium. However, if the installation of maintenance, repair, and replacement of the hurricane shutters, impact glass, code compliant windows or doors, or other types of code-compliant hurricane protection is are the responsibility of the unit owners pursuant to the declaration of condominium or a vote of the unit owners under
- s. 718.113(5), the cost of the installation of the hurricane shutters, impact glass, code compliant windows or doors, or other types of code compliant hurricane protection by the association is not a common expense and must shall be charged individually to the unit owners based on the cost of installation of the hurricane shutters, impact glass, code compliant windows or doors, or other types of code compliant hurricane protection-appurtenant to the unit. The costs of installation of hurricane protection are enforceable as an assessment and may be collected in the manner provided under s. 718.116.
- 2. Notwithstanding s. 718.116(9), and regardless of whether or not the declaration requires the association or unit owners to <u>install</u>, maintain, repair, or replace hurricane shutters, impact glass, code compliant windows or doors, or other types of code compliant hurricane protection, the owner of a unit in which who has previously installed hurricane shutters in accordance with s. 718.113(5) that comply with the current applicable building code shall receive a credit when the shutters are installed; a unit owner who has previously installed impact glass or code compliant



windows or doors that comply with the current applicable building code shall receive a credit when the impact glass or code-compliant windows or doors are installed; and a unit owner who has installed other types of code compliant hurricane protection that complies comply with the current applicable building code has been installed is excused from any assessment levied by the association or shall receive a credit if when the same type of other code-compliant hurricane protection is installed by the association. A credit is applicable if the installation of hurricane protection is for all other units that do not have hurricane protection and the cost of such installation is funded by the association's budget, including the use of reserve funds. The credit must be equal to the amount that the unit owner would have been assessed to install the hurricane protection, and the credit shall be equal to the pro rata portion of the assessed installation cost assigned to each unit. However, such unit owner remains responsible for the pro rata share of expenses for hurricane shutters, impact glass, code-compliant windows or doors, or other types of codecompliant hurricane protection installed on common elements and association property by the board pursuant to s. 718.113(5) and remains responsible for a pro rata share of the expense of the replacement, operation, repair, and maintenance of such shutters, impact glass, code-compliant windows or doors, or other types of code-compliant hurricane protection. Expenses for the installation, replacement, operation, repair, or maintenance of hurricane protection on common elements and association property are common expenses.

718.128 ELECTRONIC VOTING

If the board authorizes online voting, the board must honor a unit owner's request to vote electronically at all subsequent elections, unless such unit owner opts out of online voting.

718.3027 CONFLICTS OF INTEREST.—

The attendance of a director or an officer with a possible conflict of interest at the meeting of the board is sufficient to constitute a quorum for the meeting and the vote in his or her absence on the proposed activity.

718.303 OBLIGATIONS OF OWNERS AND OCCUPANTS; REMEDIES.—

At least 90 days before an election, an association must notify a unit owner or member that his or her voting rights may be suspended due to a nonpayment of a fee or other monetary obligation.



718.501 AUTHORITY, RESPONSIBILITY, AND DUTIES OF DIVISION OF FLORIDA CONDOMINIUMS, TIMESHARES, AND MOBILE HOMES.

after turnover has occurred, the division has jurisdiction to investigate complaints related only to:

- (a)1. Procedural aspects and records relating to financial issues, including annual financial reporting under s. 718.111(13); assessments for common expenses, fines, and commingling of reserve and operating funds under s. 718.111(14); use of debit cards for unintended purposes under s. 718.111(15); the annual operating budget and the allocation of reserve funds under s. 718.112(2)(f); financial records under s. 718.111(12)(a)11.; and any other record necessary to determine the revenues and expenses of the association. 2563
- 2. Elections, including election and voting requirements under s. 718.112(2)(b) and (d), recall of board members under s. 718.112(2)(l), electronic voting under s. 718.128, and elections that occur during an emergency under s. 718.1265(1)(a). financial issues, elections, and
- 4. The procedural aspects of meetings, including unit owner meetings, quorums, voting requirements, proxies, board of administration meetings, and budget meetings under s. 718.112(2).
- 5. The disclosure of conflicts of interest under ss. 718.111(1)(a) and 718.3027, including limitations contained in s. 718.111(3)(f).
- 6. The removal of a board director or officer under ss. 718.111(1)(a) and (15) and 718.112(2)(p) and (q)., and
- 8. Any written inquiries by unit owners to the association relating to such matters, including written inquiries under s. 718.112(2)(a)2.

718.501 - REFERRAL BY DBPR TO LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES

The division shall refer to local law enforcement authorities any person whom the division believes has engaged in fraud, theft, embezzlement, or other criminal activity or when the division has cause to believe that fraud, theft, embezzlement, or other criminal activity has occurred.

(1)(p) The division director or any officer or employee of the division and the condominium ombudsman or any employee of the Office of the Condominium Ombudsman may attend and observe any meeting of the board of administration or any unit owner meeting, including any meeting of a subcommittee or special committee, which is open to members of the association for



the purpose of performing the duties of the division or the Office of the Condominium Ombudsman under this chapter.

- (u) If the division receives a complaint regarding access to official records on the association's website or through an application that can be downloaded on a mobile device under s.718.111(12)(g), the division may request access to the association's website or application and investigate. The division may adopt rules to carry out this paragraph.
- (2)(c) On the certification form provided by the division, the directors of the association shall certify that each director of the association has completed the written certification and educational certificate requirements in s. 718.112(2)(d)4.b.